

Company: San Diego Gas & Electric Company (U 902 M)
Proceeding: 2024 General Rate Case
Application: A.22-05-016
Exhibit: SDG&E-01-R

REVISED
PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
BRUCE A. FOLKMANN
(POLICY OVERVIEW)

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA



August 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INTRODUCTION	1
A.	Safety	1
B.	Reliability and Resiliency	3
C.	Sustainability.....	5
II.	THE RISK-INFORMED GRC PROCESS AND SDG&E’S SAFETY CULTURE	9
A.	The Risk-Informed GRC Process	9
B.	SDG&E’s Safety Culture.....	10
III.	OVERVIEW OF GRC REQUEST.....	12
A.	Test Year 2024 Revenue Requirement	12
B.	Post-Test Year Ratemaking	13
C.	Bill Impacts.....	13
D.	RAMP GRC Request.....	14
IV.	SDG&E’S INVESTMENT IN THE FUTURE	14
A.	Effective Business Management.....	14
B.	Evolving Regulatory Requirements and Other Pressures.....	15
C.	Voluntary Removal of Depreciation Proposal.....	18
V.	OPERATIONAL FOCUS.....	20
A.	Electric Operations.....	20
B.	Gas Operations.....	23
C.	Customer Service	26
D.	Sustainability and Environmental Stewardship	28
E.	Investing in Our Workforce	29
VI.	CONCLUSION.....	30
VII.	WITNESS QUALIFICATIONS.....	32

APPENDICES

Appendix A – Glossary of Terms	BAF-A-1
--------------------------------------	---------

SDG&E 2024 GRC Testimony Revision Log – August 2022

1 reliable service to our customers. Keeping our employees, contractors, customers, the public,
2 and Company systems safe is crucial, and we take great pride in our safety record.

3 No activity implicates safety more than wildfire prevention and mitigation. SDG&E has
4 established itself as a leader in wildfire mitigation efforts for well over a decade. In the
5 aftermath of the catastrophic October 2007 wildfires in SDG&E's service territory and the
6 devastating wildfire events experienced elsewhere in California, SDG&E has developed a best-
7 in-class wildfire prevention and mitigation program. Our innovative, successful wildfire
8 mitigation program serves as a model for adoption by other utilities.

9 SDG&E has continued to meet evolving wildfire mitigation requirements brought on by
10 longstanding California drought, changing climate conditions and new requirements set forth by
11 the legislature, regulators, customers, and community stakeholders. SDG&E's efforts to reduce
12 the risk of wildfire and mitigate the impacts of Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS) events have
13 grown significantly since 2019 and are forecasted to continue to grow through 2024. SDG&E's
14 current Wildfire Mitigation Plan provides for increased system hardening through 2024,
15 including hardening approximately 590 miles of electric distribution using covered conductor
16 and undergrounding to reduce the risk of wildfire and impacts of PSPS on customers. SDG&E's
17 innovative vegetation management program will continue to maintain a tree inventory database,
18 complete annual patrols and inspections of all inventory trees, prune and remove hazardous trees,
19 and perform pole brushing activities. Several initiatives will further reduce the impacts of PSPS,
20 including SDG&E's generator programs, which provide customers backup power during PSPS
21 events, with a focus on Medical Baseline and Access and Functional Needs (AFN) customers.¹

22 SDG&E's safety-first culture is embedded in every aspect of the Company's work. We
23 invest in technology, system upgrades, our workforce, and community relationships to enhance
24 the safety of our employees and the people and communities we serve. In 2020, SDG&E
25 implemented a Safety Management System (SMS), which takes an enterprise-wide, holistic
26 approach to continually manage and reduce risk, incorporating public safety, asset safety, system
27 safety, cyber safety, and psychological safety for improved safety performance and culture.² The

¹ These programs and initiatives are described in greater detail in the testimony of Jonathan T. Woldemariam (Exhibit (Ex.) SDG&E-13) and Tyson Swetek (Ex. SDG&E-12).

² SDG&E's SMS is described in greater detail in the testimony of Kenneth J. Deremer (Ex. SDG&E-31).

1 SMS framework connects each of SDG&E’s existing and future safety initiatives, better aligns
2 our operating areas, and allows SDG&E to assess risk across the entire enterprise. Our
3 unwavering commitment to safety is discussed throughout our GRC testimony.

4 SDG&E’s cybersecurity activities are another foundational component of our safety
5 program and protect against attacks on critical infrastructure, such as electric and gas delivery
6 systems, and potential harm to customers, employees and public safety. Increasing
7 sophistication of cybersecurity attacks, involving attempts by actors with different motivations
8 including unfriendly country-supported actors, and criminals seeking economic advantage,
9 require SDG&E to be proactive and vigilant in protecting and improving the Company’s security
10 posture. This Application contains the enhancements and updates to the Company’s
11 cybersecurity and technology infrastructure necessary to minimize the likelihood and impact of
12 ever-changing security threats that would disrupt business operations and place customer and
13 employee health and safety at risk, and to secure customer data to meet growing privacy
14 regulations. The policy testimony of Ben W. Gordon (Ex. SDG&E-25, Chapter 1) describes the
15 importance and security benefits achieved by investing in digital cybersecurity technologies and
16 integration of those systems in a cloud environment, and these investments are described in the
17 Cybersecurity testimony of Lance Mueller (Ex. SDG&E-26) and the Information Technology
18 (IT) testimony of Tia L. Ballard and William J. Exon (Ex. SDG&E-25, Chapter 2).

19 **B. Reliability and Resiliency**

20 SDG&E has consistently received accolades for reliability by industry organizations. We
21 are very proud of this recognition for the outstanding contributions and efforts by our workforce
22 to provide our customers and the public with reliable electric and gas services and excellent
23 customer service to meet their needs. Among the highlights in reliability:

- 24 • For 16 straight years, we have received the “Best in the West” award for electric
25 reliability. A typical customer experiences only one unplanned power outage
26 every 20 months.
- 27 • We have also received a national ReliabilityOne award multiple times, and last
28 year, we were recognized for Outstanding Grid Sustainability.³

³ PA Consulting, “In a tie, Florida Power & Light Company and San Diego Gas & Electric both win a National Reliability Award at PA Consulting’s 21st Annual ReliabilityOne Awards” (November

- 1 • For five straight years, we have finished the year with zero recorded gas leaks.
- 2 • We are building lithium-ion battery storage facilities to enhance regional energy
- 3 reliability while maximizing renewable energy use.
- 4 • We are enhancing the safety and reliability of energy distribution systems by
- 5 replacing aging mobile home park-owned electric and natural gas distribution
- 6 systems with new utility-owned systems.
- 7 • We utilize smart grid technology that uses real-time information about outages to
- 8 dispatch crews to the location to correct problems quickly.
- 9 • We have expanded the use of supervisory control and data acquisition throughout
- 10 the electric distribution system to restore service faster during an outage.
- 11 • The Borrego Springs Microgrid is the first of its kind in the area that uses Smart
- 12 Grid technology, including local power generation, energy storage, and automated
- 13 switching to create a more robust, resilient power grid.

14 SDG&E is always seeking ways to improve reliability, as it is the backbone to the services our
15 customers rely upon. SDG&E must invest in innovation, digitalization, and cyber maturity to
16 keep our systems operating safely, reliably, and securely.

17 Resiliency extends beyond the traditional concept of reliability, as it allows SDG&E to
18 prevent, withstand, adapt to, and quickly recover from challenges.⁴ This requires a solid
19 foundation with an ability to be nimble when new situations require flexibility, as circumstances,
20 policy, regulations, and customer needs change and evolve. SDG&E must maintain resiliency to
21 meet challenges such as climate change, higher levels of renewable energy sources (and
22 corresponding declines in dispatchable sources), the use of new technologies, and the COVID-19
23 pandemic – during which SDG&E’s resiliency has allowed it to substantially meet strategic and
24 operational objectives. Our systems must be resilient to meet these demands.

25 SDG&E’s TY 2024 GRC testimony demonstrates innovative planning to maintain its
26 current resiliency level and provide capacity for the future. As one example, SDG&E is

2021), available at <https://www.paconsulting.com/newsroom/releases/florida-power-light-company-and-san-diego-gas-electric-both-win-a-reliabilityone-national-reliability-award-18-november-2021/>.

⁴ See characterization of resilience in discussing energy systems in American Gas Foundation, Building a Resilient Energy Future: How the Gas System Contributes to US Energy System Resilience (January 2021) at 2, available at https://gasfoundation.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/01/Building-a-Resilient-Energy-Future-Full-Report_FINAL_1.13.21.pdf.

1 modernizing its IT organization to a digital-focused operating model, which will enable faster,
2 more resilient, and innovative technology solutions for the Company and its customers.
3 SDG&E's requires digitalization to integrate real-time information and cutting-edge analytics
4 and meet its decarbonization and Net Zero goals, by improving operational efficiency, safety,
5 and service, thereby reducing risks and vulnerabilities and benefiting customers.⁵ With
6 technology advancing towards cloud-based solutions, modernizing our technology platforms
7 with cloud computing will enable faster, more resilient, and innovative technology solutions
8 today, with the flexibility to meet business requirements and customer needs more seamlessly in
9 the future.

10 SDG&E's new Customer Relationship and Billing (CR&B) system provides another
11 example of the resiliency benefits of a modernized and agile IT platform.⁶ The new CR&B
12 system provides a technological platform that will enable additional operational improvements to
13 enhance and simplify the customer and employee experience, as well as support compliance with
14 regulatory and legislative requirements, including new programs and rate offerings. Future
15 enhancements include upgrades to support the transition of most of SDG&E's customer base to a
16 Community Choice Aggregation (CCA) provider, which will require significant system support
17 to accommodate transferring large amounts of daily usage data and customer data between
18 SDG&E and the CCAs; new features to improve the customer self-service experience on
19 SDG&E's MyAccount system; and continued security enhancements to protect customer
20 information against cybersecurity threats.

21 **C. Sustainability**

22 California's energy policy continues to lead the nation on clean energy, GHG emissions,
23 and other environmental issues, as the impacts of climate change have become increasingly
24 apparent throughout our State and the world. SDG&E has been a leader in clean energy,
25 advancing electric vehicles, and developing and operating low-carbon energy infrastructure. We
26 deliver clean, safe, and reliable electric and natural gas service in a manner that supports
27 California's climate policy, adaptation, and mitigation efforts.

⁵ See Mr. Gordon's IT Policy testimony (Ex. SDG&E-25, Chapter 1).

⁶ See the Customer Services – Office Operations testimony of Sandra Baule (Ex. SDG&E-18).

1 SDG&E’s sustainability strategy focuses on three major categories: mitigating climate
2 change, adapting to climate change, and transforming the grid to be the resilient catalyst for
3 clean energy. These categories also offer a framework to integrate environmental and social
4 justice, as well as climate equity considerations in SDG&E’s operations and investment
5 decisions. SDG&E’s goal is to contribute to the decarbonization of the economy by diversifying
6 energy resources, collaborating with regional partners, and providing customer choice that
7 enables an affordable, flexible, and resilient grid.

8 Guided by the State’s policy objectives and established regulatory framework, SDG&E
9 has set a goal to reach net-zero GHG emissions by 2045. We have developed a sustainability
10 strategy that reduces GHG emissions in SDG&E’s day-to-day operations and is incorporated into
11 our long-term planning. As part of this strategy, we recently published our “Path to Net Zero”
12 economy-wide GHG Study,⁷ which recommends a diverse approach to achieve California’s 2045
13 decarbonization goals by leveraging clean electricity, clean fuels, and carbon removal through
14 the lens of reliability, affordability, and equity. This sustainability strategy was designed to serve
15 as a “living” strategy that SDG&E will continue to evolve as technologies, policies, and
16 stakeholder preferences change. The Sustainability Policy testimony of Estela de Llanos (Ex.
17 SDG&E-02) describes our approach in detail.

18 SDG&E’s Path to Net Zero roadmap highlighted that achieving net-zero emissions by
19 2045 will require transitioning to zero-emission vehicles (ZEV) as soon as possible, as the
20 transportation sector is the largest source of GHG emissions in California.⁸ Accelerating the
21 transition to ZEVs is not simply a matter of meeting State policy goals. Particulate emissions
22 from vehicles—in particular diesel and medium-duty and heavy-duty vehicles—directly impact
23 public health.⁹ The California Air Resources Board has determined that these pollution burdens
24 are not equally shared among Californians because pollution from diesel vehicles is concentrated
25 along transit corridors and industrial areas, neighborhoods the State refers to as “disadvantaged

⁷ SDG&E, “The Path to Net Zero: A Decarbonization Roadmap for California” (April 2022), *available at* https://www.sdge.com/sites/default/files/documents/path_to_net_zero.pdf?nid=21961.

⁸ California Air Resources Board, “California Greenhouse Gas Emissions for 2000 to 2019” (July 28, 2021) at 7 (Figure 3), *available at* https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/sites/default/files/classic/cc/ca_ghg_inventory_trends_2000-2019.pdf.

⁹ California Air Resources Board, “Overview: Diesel Exhaust & Health” (*available at* <https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/resources/overview-diesel-exhaust-and-health>).

1 communities.”¹⁰ Furthermore, Senate Bill (SB) 350 and the CPUC require that transportation
2 electrification in California be equitable. SDG&E’s base business activities to accelerate the
3 transition to ZEVs support this equity goal by reducing barriers to electric vehicle (EV) adoption
4 and may improve community health by reducing pollution emissions from fossil fuel vehicles.

5 Among other things:

- 6 • SDG&E is making clean driving more accessible with Power Your Drive,
7 expanding access to EV charging at businesses, multi-family communities, and
8 disadvantaged neighborhoods. We have installed over 3,000 charging stations at
9 255 locations. Since the program began in 2017, our Power Your Drive
10 participants have reduced 225 million tons of GHG emissions, which is equal to
11 adding 7,714 trees, eliminating 80,132 gallons of gasoline, and enabling
12 1,979,261 electric vehicle miles. Yet this is insufficient. The State’s policy goal is
13 250,000 EV chargers in California by 2025. The California Energy Commission
14 (CEC) has found that, as of 2021, the State was 57,000 chargers short of that
15 goal.¹¹ Without aggressive action, this gap will widen by 2030. In this GRC,
16 SDG&E seeks to help customers overcome this challenge, by offering programs
17 that provide equitable solutions that allow increased access to transportation
18 electrification with a focus on underserved communities.
- 19 • Power Your Drive has expanded to reach additional drivers with programs such as
20 Power Your Drive for Fleets and Power Your Drive for Schools, Parks &
21 Beaches.
- 22 • Clean Transportation Pilot Projects include installations to support electric
23 medium-duty/heavy-duty vehicles and forklifts within the Port of San Diego’s
24 waterfront properties; fleet delivery vehicles; public Caltrans Park & Ride
25 locations; and shuttles running on fixed routes.
- 26 • To further enable clean driving, the CPUC approved an optional new service for

¹⁰ See, e.g., California Health and Safety Code Sections 39711, 39713, 39715, 39721, and 39723; See also e.g., California Public Resources Code, Section 75200. A map of disadvantaged communities as identified by the State of California can be found at <https://www.arcgis.com/apps/View/index.html?appid=c3e4e4e1d115468390cf61d9db83efc4>.

¹¹ California Energy Commission, “Assembly Bill 2127 Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure Assessment” (July 2021) at ii available at <https://efiling.energy.ca.gov/getdocument.aspx?tn=238853>.

1 separately metered EV charging sites.¹² For customers that elect this service,
2 SDG&E will install, operate, and maintain the electrical distribution infrastructure
3 up to the utility meter, with the customer or site host responsible only for costs
4 beyond the utility meter and the cost of the charging station
5 equipment. Additional details on SDG&E's sustainable clean transportation
6 programs and advances are included in Jennifer L. Reynolds' Clean
7 Transportation testimony (Ex. SDG&E-21).

8 The production, storage, transportation, and use of hydrogen is a relatively new but
9 critical area of interest for SDG&E to support California's and the Company's climate and
10 sustainability goals to both decarbonize its customer's energy and to help decarbonize SDG&E's
11 own internal operations. These initiatives include:

- 12 • Technical analyses to better understand the challenges and associated costs of
13 implementing various hydrogen-based solutions, such as converting SDG&E's
14 natural gas-fueled generation facilities to hydrogen fuel or hydrogen fuel blends,
15 and a study to better understand our customers' perception of hydrogen and
16 acceptance of this fuel source.
- 17 • Creating a Research, Development, and Demonstration group to identify and
18 support new technologies and research activities that benefit SDG&E's customers
19 and are consistent with California's and the Company's climate and sustainability
20 goals.
- 21 • Expanding the Company's Advanced Energy Storage systems to provide resilient
22 services to customers through the delivery of clean energy that leverages excess
23 renewable energy.

24 SDG&E's generation solutions are also focused on sustainable ways to provide clean
25 energy, some of which also incorporate hydrogen usage. SDG&E's current Electric Generation
26 Distributed Energy Facilities (DEF) fleet consists of five battery energy storage systems, which
27 provide distributed energy solutions. SDG&E describes 11 additional planned DEF projects,
28 which will drive progress in the areas of Climate Adaptation, Climate Mitigation, and Grid

¹² See SDG&E Electric Rule 45, available at https://tariff.sdge.com/tm2/pdf/ELEC_ELEC-RULES_ERULE_45.pdf.

1 Transformation. In particular, SDG&E's Borrego Microgrid uses a combination of technologies
2 to support the microgrid: a lithium-ion battery energy storage system and a hydrogen electrolyzer
3 to support the desert community of Borrego Springs. In addition, the Palomar Energy Center will
4 support a hydrogen fueling pump for hydrogen-powered vehicles. Sustainability and innovation
5 also underscore our building of a state-of-the-art hydrogen-based generator at the Palomar
6 Energy Center and our Hybrid project that will utilize advanced technology to optimize
7 generation with new battery storage and reduce emissions at our Miramar Energy Facility.¹³

8 These projects build on SDG&E's long track record of stewardship in sustainability. Our
9 Desert Star Energy Center uses dry cooling for equipment cooling and steam condensing.
10 Typically, dry-cooled power plants require only 5% of the water used by similar traditional wet-
11 cooled power plants. SDG&E uses reclaimed water in the Palomar Energy Center's wet-cooled
12 electric generation process, saving over 500 million gallons of fresh water in 2021.

13 In summary, we are very proud of what we have achieved and the goals we have set,
14 while at the same time recognizing that there will be challenges in reaching these goals. In the
15 remainder of this testimony, I first describe in more detail the efforts SDG&E is making to build
16 a strong safety culture and how these efforts fit into the broader context of the Commission's
17 new risk informed GRC process (Section II). I then provide an overview of SDG&E's GRC
18 request (Section III), followed by more details on some of the key issues we focus on from an
19 operational perspective (Section IV).

20 **II. THE RISK-INFORMED GRC PROCESS AND SDG&E'S SAFETY CULTURE**

21 **D. The Risk-Informed GRC Process**

22 SDG&E has invested in safety projects throughout its history. We see safety investments
23 as offering a better return for customers than ever because we anticipate greater reliance on the
24 electric grid as we electrify more end uses to decarbonize. Safety investments in our gas system
25 also remain critically important as we continue to depend on this service. Safety and risk
26 mitigation projects and activities comprise major components of the TY 2024 GRC. SDG&E has
27 long performed many of the safety-driven activities described throughout its 2021 RAMP
28 Report, including wood pole replacements and vegetation management to support our electric

¹³ These projects are discussed in more detail in Fernando Valero's Clean Energy Innovation testimony (Ex. SDG&E-15) and Daniel S. Baerman's Electric Generation testimony (Ex. SDG&E-14).

1 business, along with inspections, pipeline patrol, cathodic protection, pipeline integrity
2 programs, security projects, and records management to support our gas business.

3 In recent years, SDG&E has engaged with Commission stakeholders in developing new
4 methodologies for quantifying and assessing risk mitigation activities, consistent with new
5 CPUC processes, to incorporate risk-informed information into the utilities' GRCs – as reflected
6 throughout SDG&E's TY 2024 GRC presentation.¹⁴ While these risk assessment methodologies
7 are more recent, SDG&E's innovative approach to developing new risk mitigations is well
8 established, as evidenced by SDG&E's robust weather network and situational awareness tools
9 that are leveraged to enhance operational decision-making during high fire weather conditions.
10 Additionally, SDG&E developed risk models to determine areas of highest risk and the most
11 appropriate mitigation to employ in these areas. Specifically, the Wildfire Next Generation
12 System (WiNGS) tool assesses the risk at a sub-circuit level, providing insight necessary to plan
13 efficient grid hardening initiatives for wildfire risk and PSPS impact reduction. SDG&E has also
14 made leading-edge enhancements to its strong safety culture (as further described below), which
15 include investments in asset management systems, safety management systems, wildfire
16 management systems, and emergency management systems.

17 SDG&E is committed to continue building upon its risk assessment methodologies, risk
18 mitigation activities, and safety culture, consistent with Commission processes, to further
19 enhance the provision of safe and reliable service to customers.

20 **E. SDG&E's Safety Culture**

21 SDG&E is committed to a culture where leadership sets the example and demonstrates
22 the safe behaviors expected of its employees and contractors. SDG&E's leadership team is
23 committed to championing people, doing the right thing, and shaping the future. We believe
24 building on these values results in operational excellence, especially safety. SDG&E's safety
25 efforts include developing a trained workforce, safely operating and maintaining its electric and
26 gas infrastructure, and providing safe and reliable gas and electric service. Safety is never

¹⁴ The Risk Management Policy testimony of Michael M. Schneider (Ex. SDG&E-03, Chapter 1) and the RAMP to GRC Integration testimony of R. Scott Pearson and Gregory S. Flores (Ex. SCG-03/SDG&E-03, Chapter 2), discusses how SDG&E continues its longstanding efforts to enhance safety and further develop its risk management processes, now through the Commission's new risk-informed GRC framework and RAMP reporting process.

1 compromised for production, customer satisfaction, or any other goal, and no activity is so
2 important that it should jeopardize safety. Among other examples:

- 3 • Our safety focus starts at the top at SDG&E. The first agenda item at every utility
4 board meeting, senior management meeting, and weekly operating council
5 meeting is a safety discussion led by one of our operating officers.
- 6 • SDG&E's Executive Safety Council comprises top leadership and meets quarterly
7 with front-line employees and supervisors, to have an open dialogue on safety
8 issues, performance, and culture and reinforce key safety tenets. Encouraging
9 two-way formal and informal communication extends to all employees,
10 contractors and the public to identify and manage safety risks before incidents
11 occur.
- 12 • SDG&E's Environmental & Safety Compliance Management Program (ESCMP),
13 plans, sets priorities, inspects, educates, trains, and monitors the effectiveness of
14 environmental and safety activities.
- 15 • SDG&E promotes safe and healthy workforce behaviors for an incident-free
16 workplace. Sixty local safety committees within Company departments and
17 throughout our districts provide leadership in maintaining our safety culture.
18 These committees comprise represented workforce and management and meet
19 monthly to engage in and address potential safety issues and solutions.
- 20 • For the last 20 years, we have hosted an Annual Safety Congress to provide a
21 forum for safety committee members and safety leaders to share and exchange
22 information and ideas. Safety stand-outs who demonstrate safety leadership are
23 recognized with individual and team safety awards.
- 24 • SDG&E employees, regardless of rank or title, are given the authority to "stop a
25 job" at any time if they spot a safety hazard and are encouraged to raise a red flag
26 whenever they feel it is needed.
- 27 • SDG&E proactively employs Behavior Based Safety (BBS) programs to promote
28 safety and health management, recognizing that at-risk behaviors are a frequent
29 cause of both minor and serious injuries. BBS promotes reducing the occurrence
30 of at-risk behaviors by modifying an individual's behaviors through observation,
31 feedback, and positive interventions, aimed at developing safe work habits.

- We are partnering on safety initiatives with our contractors. Since 2012, we have held an annual Contractor Safety Summit to provide a forum for safety leaders from the contractor workforce to share and exchange information, ideas, and safety best practices with our leadership team. This is in addition to the quarterly meetings with contractor leadership.
- SDG&E works with a Third-Party Administrator to thoroughly screen, vet, and evaluate contractors. Contractor performance is closely monitored, with the goal of using the safest contractors who meet SDG&E standards.
- We are members of the Gold Shovel Standard (GSS), a nonprofit organization committed to public safety by driving consistent contractor participation in preventing excavation dig-ins. Any contractor doing excavation work for SDG&E is required to register for the GSS program to be eligible for SDG&E contracts. We believe that this program has made a positive impact by encouraging contractors to adopt safe excavation processes.

SDG&E's strong safety culture is further described in the testimony of Mr. Deremer (Ex. SDG&E-31).

III. OVERVIEW OF GRC REQUEST

This GRC request reflects SDG&E's forecast of revenues needed to continue delivering safe and reliable gas and electric service at reasonable rates and enhance the integrity of our system, while meeting the new challenges we expect to face in the test and post-test years and meeting State and federally mandated policies and programs.

In this section of my testimony, I summarize our test year 2024 revenue requirement request and bill impacts, and our post-test year ratemaking proposal.

A. Test Year 2024 Revenue Requirement

SDG&E requests that the Commission authorize a combined \$3.007 billion revenue requirement (\$664 million gas and \$2.344 billion electric) to be effective January 1, 2024. If approved, this revenue requirement would be an increase of \$460 million over the expected authorized 2023 revenue requirement. These increases result in a 2024 system average electric rate revenue increase of \$279 million (+6.6%) and a system average gas rate revenue increase of \$150 million (or +16.1%) when compared to the expected authorized revenue requirement for 2023. The 2024 revenue requirement is discussed in the Summary of Earnings testimony of Ryan

1 Hom (Ex. SDG&E-44); gas and electric rates are addressed in the testimony of Sharim B.
2 Chaudhury (Ex. SDG&E-47) and Jeff P. Stein (Ex. SDG&E-48), respectively.

3 **B. Post-Test Year Ratemaking**

4 SDG&E proposes a post-test year (PTY) ratemaking mechanism to adjust the
5 authorized revenue requirement for years 2025-2027 by applying separate attrition
6 adjustments for O&M expenses (including a separate attrition adjustment for medical
7 expenses), capital-related costs, and exogenous cost changes. This proposal is designed to
8 account for unique cost escalation issues, such as the expected higher growth medical costs,
9 and to account for SDG&E's capital investments that mitigate risk and improve safety and
10 reliability of the utility infrastructure, and to capture the lower rate associated with O&M.

11 SDG&E also proposes critical additions to the capital adjustment component of the
12 PTY mechanism for projects that are expected to be in-service in 2025, 2026, and 2027, and
13 therefore the associated capital-related costs will not be fully reflected in the TY 2024
14 revenue requirement. These additional capital projects are designed to provide SDG&E
15 adequate revenue to execute projects and initiatives in the post-test years that are largely
16 needed for safety and reliability. As explained in more detail in the Post-Test Year
17 Ratemaking testimony of Melanie E. Hancock (Ex. SDG&E-45), it is reasonable to apply
18 separate attrition adjustments for O&M and capital costs because they have different drivers,
19 as the Commission found in approving the similar PTY mechanism that is currently
20 authorized for SDG&E.

21 **C. Bill Impacts**

22 If the 2024 revenue requirement identified above is approved by the Commission, a
23 typical electric residential customer will see a monthly bill increase of \$8.79 (+5.5%),¹⁵ as
24 compared to estimated rates for 2023. For gas customers, a typical residential non-CARE¹⁶
25 customer will see a monthly bill increase of \$9.07 (or +17.5%),¹⁷ as compared to estimated rates

¹⁵ A typical electrical residential customer is based upon an average of Coastal/Inland non-CARE bundled customers on basic service using 400 kWh of electricity per month.

¹⁶ California Alternate Rates for Energy.

¹⁷ A typical gas residential customer is based upon an average of residential non-CARE customers on basic service using 24 therms of gas per month. The average does not include California greenhouse gas climate credit distribution to residential customers.

1 for 2023. On a combined electric and gas bill, a typical residential customer will see a monthly
2 bill increase of \$17.86 (+8.4%), as compared to estimated rates for 2023.

3 **D. RAMP GRC Request¹⁸**

4 As discussed in the testimony of the RAMP to GRC Integration witnesses Gregory S.
5 Flores and R. Scott Pearson (Ex. SCG-03/SDG&E-03, Chapter 2), SDG&E identified its key
6 safety risks and additional safety-related initiatives in its 2021 RAMP Report. The risk
7 mitigation projects and programs put forth in the 2021 RAMP Report were integrated into
8 the individual GRC witness areas where such activities are now included in SDG&E's
9 revenue requirement request. As part of the transition from SDG&E's 2021 RAMP Report to
10 GRC testimony chapters, SDG&E identified approximately 230 different risk mitigating
11 activities spread across 16 different GRC witness testimonies equating to over \$3.2 billion in
12 capital (\$2021 dollars in 2022-2024) and just under \$300 million in O&M (\$2021 dollars in
13 2024). Approximately 85% of capital expenditures and 47% of O&M requested in this GRC
14 support safety, reliability, and/or maintenance and may be subject to future Risk Spending
15 Accountability Reporting.

16 **IV. SDG&E'S INVESTMENT IN THE FUTURE**

17 **A. Effective Business Management**

18 At SDG&E, we believe that one of the most significant contributions we can make to
19 prudently manage our costs is the safety and quality of our operations. We seek to inspire in
20 employees a mindset of continuous improvement in which they constantly are seeking out new
21 and better ways of doing business to promote safety and reliability and increase the efficiency of
22 operations and customer service.

23 For example, SDG&E established a business optimization group to maximize efficiency,
24 improve processes, and enhance system initiatives company-wide.¹⁹ One such initiative, Build a
25 Better Business, was launched to identify and implement efficient operations improvements.

¹⁸ SDG&E is not requesting 2022 and 2023 wildfire-related capital costs in this instant application as SDG&E is proposing a "track" approach to address cost recovery and reasonableness review of such costs. 2022 and 2023 cost forecasts are presented for illustrative purposes only in the prepared direct testimony and workpapers of Mr. Woldemariam (Ex. SDG&E-13), to demonstrate the progression of costs and better inform the Commission regarding reasonableness of such costs beginning in 2024. The 2022 and 2023 wildfire costs forecasts are included in the RAMP-related figures.

¹⁹ The People and Culture Department testimony of Alexandra Taylor (Ex. SDG&E-32) describes the Business Optimization group's activities.

1 Creating additional capacity in workforce has allowed us to comply with new State policy and
2 the growing requirements initiated by our regulators, and lead in implementation of State policy
3 goals, such as planning and activities to meet net-zero emissions targets for 2045.

4 Another recent initiative focused on improving SDG&E's customer experience by
5 limiting the number of cancelled electric service outages, an inconvenience to our customers that
6 also increases costs. Structured continuous improvement focus encourages transparency, drives
7 accountability, and fosters an environment for increased productivity and change management.

8 Prudent management through continuous improvement also benefits customers as
9 business partners recognize the strength of the Company's safety and risk management
10 programs. As one example, our wildfire mitigation programs have contributed to our ability to
11 procure liability insurance at a relatively reasonable cost, in the face of a changing climate and
12 sustained drought conditions that have increased the risk of severe wildfires.²⁰ While there is an
13 increase in the amount we are requesting relative to prior GRCs, it remains at a reduced level
14 relative to the current market for insurance in California.

15 **B. Evolving Regulatory Requirements and Other Pressures**

16 SDG&E believes efficiency measures, including those above, help increase our capacity
17 to meet the challenges of the future. Those challenges include increasing costs from new
18 regulatory requirements that need to be met. For example, anticipated requirements include
19 changes to the Gas Transmission Safety Rules (GTSR), which will require modifications to
20 SDG&E's integrity management programs in areas such as corrosion management, remediation
21 measures and the repair criteria for non-High Consequence Area (HCA) pipelines, among other
22 compliance obligations. SDG&E continues to proactively mitigate risks associated with
23 uncertain cost, scope, and mechanics related to compliance requirements for new, proposed, or
24 evolving environmental legislation and regulatory requirements. These mandatory compliance
25 requirements can have a significant impact on the Company's resources as they require
26 inspections, surveys, monitoring or repairs to reduce and or eliminate leaks and fugitive
27 emissions and the discharge of pollutants from our natural gas and electric generation,
28 transmission and distribution systems. Similarly, changes to requirements that will impact
29 SDG&E as a whole are expected in Rulemaking (R.) 20-07-013, *Rulemaking to Further Develop*

²⁰ The Corporate Center - Insurance testimony of Dennis J. Gaughan (Ex. SCG-24/Ex. SDG&E-28) describes the management of SDG&E's insurance costs.

1 *a Risk-Based Decision-Making Framework for Electric and Gas Utilities* (RDF Rulemaking).
2 These anticipated changes will include clarifying risk-informed decision making technical
3 requirements, revisions to SDG&E’s existing Safety Performance Metrics, and implementation
4 of additional metrics, as well as refinements to RAMP and related procedural requirements, and
5 will require SDG&E resources to perform a quality review process to assess whether these
6 requirements are operationally achievable and then ultimately implement processes to comply
7 with adopted rule changes and other requirements.

8 Since 2019, SDG&E has also increasingly expanded its wildfire mitigation efforts to
9 address public safety needs and respond to legislative requirements.²¹ The significant increases
10 in system hardening through covered conductor and undergrounding, enhanced vegetation
11 management, and improvements in situational awareness and technology—including SDG&E’s
12 first-of-its-kind utility weather network—aim to lower the risk of utility-caused wildfire in
13 SDG&E’s service territory. And many of these enhancements, such as smoke-identifying
14 cameras, the use of satellite imagery to assess vegetation health, and the development of
15 comprehensive weather data, also identify and mitigate risks associated with non-utility
16 catastrophic wildfires to promote community safety.

17 But, as anticipated by AB 1054, these investments also come at a cost.²² While there are
18 numerous ways to approach reducing the risk of utility-caused wildfire and PSPS events, some
19 of those options can lead to exponential cost increases. SDG&E carefully assessed where more
20 costly system hardening efforts, such as covered conductor and strategic undergrounding, could
21 be best targeted to achieve the highest risk reduction and achieve the maximal value for
22 ratepayers. Using its risk modeling system and subject matter expertise, SDG&E selected a
23 course of action that reasonably balances the need to mitigate the risk of utility-caused wildfire
24 and reduce the impacts of PSPS events with the cost impact on customers. SDG&E selected its
25 system hardening strategy because it provided the best value approach—achieving the most risk

²¹ See, Assembly Bill (AB) 1054, Section 2(b) (“The state’s electrical corporations must invest in hardening of the state’s electrical infrastructure and vegetation management to reduce the risk of catastrophic wildfire.”).

²² *Id.* at Section 1(a)(4). (“Electrical corporation need capital to fund ongoing operations and make new investments to promote safety, reliability, and California’s clean energy mandates and ratepayers benefit from low utility capital costs in the form of reduced rates.”)

1 reduction possible at the most reasonable cost to customers. This approach is further described in
2 the testimony of Jonathan Woldemariam (Ex. SDG&E-13).

3 Additionally, as SDG&E has developed additional experience in its wildfire mitigation
4 efforts, it has identified areas where it can perform work at lower costs. For instance, SDG&E
5 has realized material cost savings through finding efficiencies in strategic undergrounding, such
6 as the use of shallower trenches where appropriate. And it has been able to better streamline
7 programs like drone inspections of infrastructure as increased experience with this new
8 technology highlights its best uses.

9 New CPUC programs, such as the Arrearage Management Payment (AMP) program and
10 Percentage of Income Payment Plan (PIPP) pilot established in the Disconnection Rulemaking,²³
11 also require additional capacity and resources due to their complexity. The Commission designed
12 these programs in response to legislative mandates to reduce statewide disconnections and to
13 address the needs of customers facing hardship. SDG&E is committed to its customers and
14 continuously looking for ways to serve them more efficiently. To provide the best customer
15 experience in the face of an ever-increasing number of State and federal mandates, additional
16 resources are necessary.

17 This GRC also comes at a time of increased inflationary pressures. For example, the costs
18 associated with supplies and materials, internal and contractor labor, and benefits, such as
19 medical, have increased. We have responded to these pressures and the compelling need for
20 additional safety and resiliency measures, at the same time, with a hard look at ways to decrease
21 the burden on our customers. These measures include reducing our revenue requirement request
22 through Company-wide efforts to create efficiencies in the ways we do business (highlighted
23 throughout witness testimony).

24 SDG&E must meet these challenges while at the same time prudently managing our
25 costs. We also believe our energy network will become increasingly valuable to our customers,
26 particularly as electricity plays a larger role in transportation fuel and residential heating needs.
27 Nonetheless, we are voluntarily electing to remove from consideration in this GRC long-term
28 incentive compensation, which serves as a powerful employee retention tool. We have also
29 voluntarily excluded Sempra Energy executive officer compensation costs from this GRC. In

²³ D.21-10-012 at 89 (Ordering Paragraph 1).

1 addition, as I describe below, we believe the circumstances of today pose a unique opportunity
2 with regard to depreciation of our electric and common assets.

3 **C. Voluntary Removal of Depreciation Proposal**

4 SDG&E supports the findings of the Depreciation testimony of Dane A. Watson (Ex.
5 SDG&E-36) regarding the appropriate depreciation rates for SDG&E's common, electric and gas
6 depreciable property. We believe that Mr. Watson's recommendations are reasonable and
7 necessary to appropriately recover plant and equipment costs. And SDG&E proposes the
8 adoption Mr. Watson's recommendations regarding the applicable depreciable rates for
9 SDG&E's natural gas property.

10 Yet for policy considerations, SDG&E proposes a one-time, non-precedential proposal to
11 hold the Company's electric and common depreciation rates constant. Although SDG&E would
12 not normally suggest overriding the reasonable depreciation rates necessary to ensure the
13 appropriate recovery of the Company's assets, SDG&E considers this such a unique period that a
14 one-time approach of holding these depreciation rates constant is warranted.

15 Specifically, SDG&E believes that, given the significant, critical, investments in wildfire
16 mitigation (in the context of our broader need for critical investments requested in this
17 application) that SDG&E is currently undertaking and will undertake during this rate case period,
18 holding electric and common depreciation rates constant now is appropriate for today's
19 circumstances. These crucial efforts now will pay dividends in the future—such that wildfire
20 mitigation may constitute a less significant portion of future SDG&E costs. At the same time, we
21 believe the path to decarbonization will lead to expanded electric end uses. As a result, electric
22 volumes sold and electric revenues will increase. This unique combination of circumstances,
23 among others, provides us with a future opportunity to recover depreciating assets when they are
24 providing even more benefits than they do today.

25 SDG&E thus proposes to hold electric and common depreciation rates constant due to
26 this unique confluence of circumstances. This results in an estimated overall saving for
27 ratepayers of about \$43 million based on 2021 accumulated reserve balances. The overall electric
28 depreciation rate will remain 4.08 percent compared to 4.44 percent. The overall common
29 depreciation rate will remain 7.04 percent compared to 7.19 percent.

30 SDG&E believes the proper setting of depreciation rates is fundamentally important and
31 will propose updating depreciation rates in the future to ensure appropriate recovery. And as the

1 factors leading SDG&E to propose keeping electric depreciation rates constant—namely
 2 significant wildfire mitigation and other expenditures and increased electrification—apply only
 3 to SDG&E’s electric business, SDG&E strongly recommends updating the Company’s gas
 4 depreciation rates as proposed by Mr. Watson. The resulting depreciation and amortization
 5 expense of SDG&E’s proposals are reflected below.

Table BF-1
Electric Depreciation & Amortization Expense
 (Thousands of Dollars)

Line No.	Description	2021 Recorded (In 2021 \$)	2024 Test Year (in 2024 \$)
Depreciation Expense			
1	Generation	52,024	59,553
2	Distribution	290,867	360,559
3	General Plant relating to Electric Distribution	17,322	20,993
4	Total Depreciation	360,213	441,105
Amortization Expense			
5	Land Rights	2,069	2,293
6	Software	14,760	19,930
7	Total Amortization	16,829	22,223
8	Total Elec. Depr & Amort. (Excluding Common)	377,042	463,328

6
7

Table BF-2
Common Depreciation & Amortization Expense
(Thousands of Dollars)

Line No.	Description	2021 Recorded (In 2021 \$)	2024 Test Year (in 2024 \$)
Depreciation Expense			
1	Depr. of Common Plant related to Electric Distribution	45,119	60,950
2	Depr. of Common Plant related to Gas	18,852	25,468
3	Total Depreciation	63,971	86,418
Amortization Expense			
4	Software amortization of common plant related to Electric Distribution	52,639	81,621
5	Software amortization of common plant related to Gas	21,913	34,105
6	Total Amortization	74,552	115,726
7	Total Common Depr & Amort.	138,523	202,144

V. OPERATIONAL FOCUS

SDG&E operates and maintains an electric and gas distribution system that provides safe and reliable energy to approximately 3.7 million customers, over a service territory that spans over 4,100 square miles from the California-Mexico border to Southern Orange County. A high-level description from a policy perspective of SDG&E’s operational focus in key areas of our business is provided below. More details are provided in the testimony and work papers of individual witnesses in this GRC.

A. Electric Operations

SDG&E has a “safety first” value that is embraced through all parts of our organization. A key driver of this value is our commitment to public safety, which is demonstrated in the Company’s strong track record in electric operations. As noted above, fire risk has intensified in recent years due to drought and climate change and is heightened in the approximately 64% of SDG&E’s service territory that is included in high fire threat districts (HFTDs). SDG&E continues to aggressively seek ways to improve the operations and maintenance of the electric distribution system in HFTDs, and is proposing to make additional significant capital

1 investments to further reduce wildfire risk and enhance safety by continuing efforts to harden
2 overhead distribution infrastructure in the backcountry, continuing our wood-to-steel pole
3 replacement program, enhancing tree and drone-based inspections, modifying our operations
4 during high-risk periods, and undergrounding overhead lines in strategic locations, as described
5 in Mr. Woldemariam's Wildfire Mitigation and Vegetation Management testimony (Ex.
6 SDG&E-13). SDG&E will harden approximately 590 miles of electric distribution between
7 2022 and 2023 using covered conductor and strategic undergrounding to reduce the risk of
8 wildfire. SDG&E is further improving our knowledge and situational awareness of the wind and
9 weather conditions in our service territory.

10 SDG&E's Distribution Overhead System Hardening program combines SDG&E's
11 overhead hardening programs (formerly known as Fire Risk Mitigation, Pole Risk Mitigation
12 Engineering, and Wire Safety Enhancement) into one program. The consolidation of these
13 hardening programs will result in the execution of projects based on a circuit-by-circuit approach
14 that weighs risk inputs alongside the need to reduce PSPS impacts, rather than scoping projects
15 based on specific wire or at-risk poles. Combining overhead distribution hardening programs
16 into one program will increase engineering, design, construction and management efficiencies
17 and minimize impacts on customers. The overhead scope will include replacement of wood to
18 steel poles, replacement of conductor with uncovered (traditional hardening) or covered
19 conductor based on the WiNGS model, and some permanent removal of overhead facilities.

20 The Company is also initiating programs to minimize the impacts of PSPS on customers.
21 These programs include investing in infrastructure (such as establishing microgrids that provide
22 continued electric service to communities during a PSPS event), a Resiliency Grant Program
23 focused on enhancing resiliency among vulnerable customer segments, Standby Power Programs
24 to provide alternative energy solutions to customers, and Resiliency Assistance Programs that
25 provide customers with point-of-sale rebates for generators. In order to continue enhancing the
26 safety of the community and to maintain the integrity of the electric distribution system, SDG&E
27 seeks the resources necessary to meet these fire-related and PSPS challenges and to implement
28 steps that will result in further progress toward achieving a more fire-safe system, which is a
29 common goal shared by employees, regulators, customers and the public at large.

30 Maintaining strong and consistent reliability is also a top priority for us. SDG&E has
31 long been recognized as an industry leader for its very reliable electric system. In order to fulfill

1 our firm commitment to delivering safe and reliable power to our customers, SDG&E must
2 continue to adapt to California’s changing energy landscape. The electric industry continues to
3 undergo changes unlike any period in its history, including the ongoing integration of distributed
4 generation, the growth in the use of electric vehicles, and the use of clean fuels and clean fuel
5 producing technologies. SDG&E is striving to meet this challenge by investing in technologies
6 that advance clean energy for our customers and the environment.

7 SDG&E’s TY 2024 GRC includes for the first time the Company’s grid modernization
8 plan (GMP), which includes the Company’s 10-year grid modernization vision to innovate and
9 optimize a grid that is safe and reliable and accelerates decarbonization – all while delivering
10 value and choice for all customers. This vision reinforces SDG&E as the operator, planner, and
11 integrator for the distribution system, while being supportive of State goals regarding distributed
12 energy resource (DER) adoption, transportation electrification, and decarbonization as well as
13 delivering value and choice for all customers. The GMP also identifies projects with funding
14 requests in various witness testimony that help integrate DER into the electric system. As of
15 April 2022, SDG&E had over 240,000 DER installations throughout its system, with over 2,000
16 megawatts (MW) in aggregated nameplate capacity. Those 240,000 installations represent
17 approximately one in every six households in SDG&E’s service territory, and an installation rate
18 of over 2,000 each month.²⁴ SDG&E is seeking funding for the necessary assets, infrastructure,
19 instrumentation and control systems, and cybersecurity technology that aligns with the
20 Company’s vision for the distribution system while being supportive of State goals regarding
21 DER adoption, transportation electrification, and decarbonization.

22 SDG&E will also reliably serve its customers, at the lowest reasonable cost, while
23 meeting the State’s goals. Importantly, the customers we supply with electricity is generally
24 declining at the time of this filing. Customers are increasingly able to choose who will fill their
25 electricity commodity supply needs. Although we may no longer be the primary purchaser of
26 electricity for customers that elect a different supplier, such as a CCA or Direct Access (DA)

²⁴ More than 210,000 customers in SDG&E’s service territory have solar – a penetration rate of 16%, which is the highest per capita in the continental United States. *See Desert Sun, California Begins Debate on New Rooftop Solar Rules: How might they affect you?* (March 16, 2021), available at <https://www.desertsun.com/story/news/environment/2021/03/16/california-begins-debate-new-rooftop-solar-rules-how-might-they-affect-you/4717953001/>.

1 provider, SDG&E will continue to serve its customers' energy needs through its transmission
2 and distribution systems. Meeting our reliable service commitments will still require SDG&E's
3 Energy Procurement to secure adequate capacity and resources to meet the reliability needs of its
4 customers. As explained in the Energy Procurement testimony of Christopher Summers (Ex.
5 SDG&E-10), the energy market and regulatory landscape has become increasingly complex,
6 with the emergence of new resource types that require development of new approaches for
7 valuing and negotiating contracts and the imposition of new procurement mandates to improve
8 grid reliability and establish new portfolio optimization requirements. As a result, additional
9 resources are required.

10 **B. Gas Operations**

11 SDG&E's commitment to safety, resiliency and sustainability applies to our gas
12 distribution system. To maintain our strong track record, SDG&E proposes O&M and Capital
13 spending consistent with historic trends to help mitigate the risk of customer outages or loss of
14 service. As with the other areas of our business, SDG&E continuously drives process
15 improvements throughout our pipeline system and operations, supports California's climate
16 policy adaptation and mitigation efforts, meets or exceeds state and federal safety regulations,
17 and stays abreast of industry leading practices.

18 In this GRC, we seek authorized funding for the maintenance, operation, and replacement
19 of gas infrastructure necessary to maintain our commitment in these areas and for several
20 important upgrades and enhancements to the system and operating practices. For example, as
21 discussed in the Gas Distribution testimony of L. Patrick Kinsella (Ex. SDG&E-04), we propose
22 funding that continues to focus on increased public awareness to locate and mark facilities to
23 avoid third-party damage. Locating and marking gas facilities is necessary to mitigate third-party
24 dig-ins that may interrupt gas service to our customers and pose risk of injury to the public and
25 our employees. The RAMP process has identified third-party dig-ins as one of the top risks to the
26 gas system. Recent legislation created liability for third parties that excavate without first having
27 the gas company locate and mark its subsurface facilities.²⁵ These new laws indicate the
28 importance placed on preventing avoidable contact with our underground facilities. SDG&E is
29 dedicated to mitigating the risk and associated hazards of excavation damages through expansion

²⁵ Cal. Gov't. Code § 4216 *et seq.*

1 of its Damage Prevention program to proactively identify specific threats to its pipelines and
2 through its public awareness program, which focuses on compliance and overall public
3 awareness through media campaigns, and relationships with organizations that provide outreach
4 designed to prevent excavation contact with SDG&E's buried pipelines. We anticipate increased
5 Underground Service Alert (USA) ticket volume in response to these new laws and increased
6 public awareness campaigns and are requesting funding to meet that heightened demand.

7 Other new laws have also required funding requests for increased activities such as leak
8 repairs resulting from compliance with SB 1371-related leak surveys and Aerial Methane
9 Mapping initiatives. In addition, Company efforts continue and strengthen our Gas Emergency
10 Department through 24/7 staffing, greatly reducing our response times; continued maintenance
11 of pipeline regulator stations, valves and meter sets; continued maintenance and enhancement of
12 cathodic protection for corrosion prevention of steel pipelines; and continued proactive
13 replacement of underperforming steel pipelines and early vintage pipeline components.

14 These activities relate not only to the safety and reliability of our gas system, but also
15 provide significant sustainability benefits as well, by reducing fugitive emissions associated
16 with leaks on the system, including the significant emissions resulting from potential excavation
17 damage (Dig-In) as described in Mr. Kinsella's testimony (Ex. SDG&E-04) and the Gas System
18 Staff and Technology testimony of Wallace Rawls (Ex. SDG&E-05).

19 Benefits, meeting our safety, sustainability, and reliability goals, will be achieved by
20 employing new technology in SDG&E's gas operations. These include SDG&E's Control Center
21 Modernization project, which will provide a comprehensive real-time view of our infrastructure
22 with enhanced remote pressure monitoring, control, automation and analytic
23 capabilities. Replacement of HCA methane sensors will also enable 24/7 control room
24 monitoring to accelerate identification, response, and remediation of potential leaks on the
25 transmission system within high consequence and evacuation challenged areas. In addition,
26 another major project being executed that will enhance the safety, resiliency, and sustainability
27 of the gas system is the Moreno Compressor Station Modernization project (MCM). The Moreno
28 Compressor Station boosts pressure into the SDG&E and SoCalGas natural gas transmission
29 lines serving Riverside and San Diego Counties and is a critical facility to provide safe and
30 reliable natural gas to the customers and residents in this region. Once completed, the new
31 replacement compressors for this project will benefit customers by incorporating modern safety

1 features and allow SDG&E to maintain compliance with the new emissions rules, while
2 improving the operational reliability of the Moreno Compressor Station. Further details about
3 these projects are discussed in the Gas Transmission Operations & Construction testimony of
4 Rick Chiapa and Steve Hruby (Ex. SDG&E-06).

5 Integrity programs also further SDG&E's goals. As discussed in the Gas Integrity
6 Management Programs testimony of Amy Kitson and Travis Sera (Ex. SDG&E-09), SDG&E
7 continues to advance its safety objectives and invest in the safety of its system through its
8 Distribution Integrity Management Program (DIMP). Under this program, SDG&E monitors and
9 assesses its approximately 15,330 miles of interconnected gas mains and services. DIMP focuses
10 on the entire distribution system since distribution pipelines are largely in developed, more-
11 populated areas. Through the DIMP, SDG&E meets all mandated measures designed to reduce
12 the risks from failure of its gas distribution pipeline and goes beyond the mandated measures to
13 bolster system safety through programs and tools it has developed to prioritize risk mitigation on
14 early vintage pipeline segments, focusing on non-state-of-the-art plastic pipe installed prior to
15 1986.

16 SDG&E is proposing a new program, the Gas Safety Enhancement Program, which will
17 provide integrity management activities incremental to its existing programs, to comply with
18 federal pipeline safety and valve regulations. Finally, SDG&E is proposing a new safety,
19 integrity and risk management initiative, Facilities Integrity Management Program (FIMP), for
20 SDG&E-owned facilities including transmission compressor stations, natural gas vehicle (NGV)
21 fueling stations, and pressure limiting stations. The FIMP allows for the early identification of
22 potential safety-related risks. As facilities continue to age, SDG&E is seeking to exceed
23 regularly required maintenance to manage the safety and integrity of its system. The FIMP
24 would include additional inspections and expand the scope to equipment beyond what is
25 currently required. These efforts demonstrate our strong commitment to continuous improvement
26 and our emphasis on proactive measures to enhance the safety of our natural gas transmission
27 and distribution systems for our customers and the communities we serve. As described in the
28 Gas Engineering testimony of Maria T. Martinez (Ex. SCG-07), proactive management of our
29 gas system permeates throughout our gas operations to help verify that safe pipeline quality
30 natural gas is delivered and detected. These types of system maintenance and integrity activities

1 are essential to providing the safe, reliable, and sustainable operations of our gas distribution and
2 transmission facilities.

3 **C. Customer Service**

4 Providing value-added services to our customers is our goal. SDG&E understands that
5 for customers to make wise decisions regarding their energy use, they must have access to
6 information about their energy consumption, energy prices, and tools to manage and control their
7 energy use. We serve a wide range of customers with varying needs. We make it a priority to
8 actively engage customers by listening to them, gathering and incorporating their feedback,
9 modifying processes, and delivering services, innovative solutions, and tools to meet those
10 needs. As reflected in the Customer Service - Information testimony of Sandra F. Baule (Ex.
11 SDG&E-19), our customers today are increasingly connected, data-driven, and have come to
12 expect personalized service and real-time information. They expect to be able to interact over the
13 channel, device, or platform of their choice, at any time, and receive a speedy response. In
14 response, SDG&E uses a customer-centric, technology-based approach to deliver an experience
15 that offers customers more choice, convenience, and control over how they interact with us and
16 manage their energy use, making it simple and seamless for a customer to transact with us,
17 whether through mobile applications (apps), social media and web-based technology, such as
18 MyAccount, or through a more personalized experience with SDG&E's Customer Care Center
19 or Account Executives for business customers with more complex needs. As SDG&E
20 experienced during the COVID-19 pandemic, there was an exponential increase in the use of our
21 digital channels by our customers to interact with SDG&E, and we are continuously improving
22 these channels to enhance the experience and available offerings.

23 With the rapid and frequent advancements of innovative technology, customer service in
24 the energy industry continues to be transformed. The ability to leverage innovative technology
25 extends to our deployment of Smart Meters. Smart Meter technology allows SDG&E customers
26 to have easy access to information about how and when they use energy, what contributes to
27 their energy bill, and, most importantly, how they can better manage and control their energy use
28 to meet their needs. As explained in the Customer Service-Field Operations testimony of David
29 H. Thai (Exhibit SDG&E-17), SDG&E is improving and streamlining its field operations
30 through the upgrade of its Smart Meters (SM) 2.0 and Field Service Delivery (FSD). Initially
31 deployed in 2009, our current meter system is nearing the end of its useful life. These projects

1 will proactively avoid expected failures occurring at the end of that useful life, which can result
2 in estimated or delayed customer bills and a poor customer experience. The timing of these
3 projects creates new opportunities to leverage advances in AMI technology with Smart Meter 2.0
4 to, among other things, enhance grid capabilities, facilitate the Company's Grid Modernization
5 Plan objectives, enable continued growth for DERs, enhance and protect the capture and accurate
6 relay of customer meter data information. Similarly, FSD will modernize implementing
7 scheduling, dispatch, mobility, and analytics tools to improve field operations and customer
8 satisfaction.

9 SDG&E also is dedicated to providing customers with more choices in their energy
10 pricing plans and program options that will allow them to select the best rate that meets their
11 lifestyle or business needs. SDG&E's business customers are now on time-varying pricing plans,
12 and residential customers have transitioned to default time-of-use (TOU) pricing plans. Our
13 overarching goal is to increase residential customers' awareness, understanding, and engagement
14 with rate options and the energy management tools and behaviors that can help better manage
15 their electricity use.

16 SDG&E is also supporting customers in the transition to CCA. SDG&E expects to
17 transition more than 800,000 customers to CCA providers by the end of 2022, and an additional
18 300,000 plus customers are forecasted to transition in 2023.²⁶ SDG&E was able to leverage its
19 new CIS to successfully transition the majority of its customers to CCA. The new CIS includes
20 an enhanced online digital customer experience to enable more self-service capabilities and
21 improve operational efficiency.

22 SDG&E also takes customer privacy very seriously and has established an Office of
23 Customer Privacy and designated the Sr. Vice President of Customer Services and External
24 Affairs to be SDG&E's Chief Customer Privacy Officer. The California Consumer Privacy Act
25 (CCPA), and subsequent California Privacy Rights Act (CPRA) established new privacy control
26 and compliance requirements.²⁷ These laws provide California consumers specific rights

²⁶ The forecast is based on revised implementation plans filed by San Diego Community Power and Clean Energy Alliance in December 2021, to expand their service to three new cities and the county of San Diego in 2023.

²⁷ California Privacy Rights Act of 2020, Cal. Civ. Code § 1798, *et seq.*

1 regarding the collection, use, storage, and sale of personal data by businesses.²⁸ To meet the
2 requirements of these new laws, combined with an increase in existing privacy-related work,
3 SDG&E has added resources and well-trained personnel to fully implement and comply with
4 them, engraining customer privacy into our system designs, relationships with third parties,
5 business controls, and day-to-day work habits. In addition, we are enhancing our systems and
6 processes to make it easier for customers to securely share their energy data with third parties.

7 **D. Sustainability and Environmental Stewardship**

8 Investing in technologies and services that help advance the use of clean energy by our
9 customers is also one of SDG&E's primary goals. To meet the State's ambitious 2045 net-zero
10 requirements, our customers will need to embrace this change. SDG&E supports State policy
11 goals to reduce GHG emissions through clean transportation initiatives. These initiatives are
12 critically important because, in San Diego, over 50% of GHG emissions are attributable to the
13 transportation sector. Our Clean Transportation team provides customers with electric
14 transportation information on metering, rates, demand response programs, charging equipment,
15 installation, safety, reliability, and the benefits of off-peak charging. In addition, this team
16 evaluates all aspects and activities of transportation electrification, from identifying value and
17 potential, developing business processes to facilitate transportation electrification, to supporting
18 enabling technology development.

19 As described in the Fleet Services testimony of Arthur Alvarez (Ex. SDG&E-22),
20 SDG&E's leading efforts to achieve California's climate goals while maintaining safety and
21 efficiency includes:

- 22 • Replacing fleet service vehicles with light-duty electrified and zero-emission
23 vehicles (ZEVs), and increasing its population of ZEVs;
- 24 • Piloting two different XL Hybrid systems designed to reduce emissions and
25 increase miles per gallon;
- 26 • Piloting an idle mitigation system that shuts off engines but allows auxiliary
27 functions to run on 23 late model medium-duty work trucks; and
- 28 • Planning to purchase a total of six commercially available hydrogen (H2) fuel-cell
29 vehicles to better understand the technology and determine future application of

²⁸ *Id.*

1 this emerging and promising technology.

2 SDG&E is also committed to being a responsible environmental steward and operating in
3 compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations. According to the U.S. Forest
4 Service, the San Diego region is a “hotspot” for biodiversity and threatened and endangered
5 species management, and the region has more rare, threatened, and endangered species than any
6 comparable land area in the continental United States. As such, SDG&E complies with more
7 than 400 federal, state, and local environmental laws protecting natural resources (such as
8 threatened or endangered animals and plants), air quality, water quality, cultural resources, waste
9 and hazardous materials. As described in the Environmental Services and San Onofre Nuclear
10 Generating Station (SONGS) testimony of Brittany Applestein Syz (Ex. SDG&E-24), SDG&E
11 subjects its construction, business activities and projects that may impact the environment to a
12 multi-disciplinary environmental review to ensure compliance.

13 Additionally, SDG&E remains committed to cost-efficient initiatives and efforts that
14 avoid or minimize our environmental impacts, including in such areas as GHG emissions, water
15 usage reduction, greening the supply chain, and promoting the use of alternative fuel vehicles,
16 including electric vehicles, through our support of grid-integrated charging. SDG&E purchased
17 renewable energy credits and carbon offsets last year to offset our own facilities GHG emissions,
18 facilitating our net zero goals. Our conservation efforts also extend to SDG&E’s physical
19 footprint. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, SDG&E is moving to a more flexible
20 workforce to accommodate the needs of our employees. This may allow us to reduce the number
21 of leased facilities in SDG&E’s portfolio, as the workplace model changes as described in the
22 Real Estate, Land Services, & Facility Operations testimony of Dale Tattersall (Ex. SDG&E-23).

23 **E. Investing in Our Workforce**

24 Our Company and its ability to serve our customers’ energy needs safely, sustainably,
25 and reliably depends on the skill and support of our employees. The ability to attract and retain
26 skilled and dedicated workforce requires adequate funding for employee training, compensation
27 and benefits, and human resources.

28 Safety is rooted in all phases of electric and gas operations training. Maintaining a
29 skilled, qualified, dedicated and diverse workforce is critical to SDG&E’s continued success. It
30 is through the efforts of these employees that SDG&E can continue to deliver safe and reliable
31 service to customers, comply with governmental mandates for our regulated business, and

1 maintain the integrity of its infrastructure at a reasonable cost. As described in the testimony of
2 Corporate Center - Compensation and Benefits witness Debbie S. Robinson (Ex. SCG-
3 25/SDG&E-29), SDG&E must attract and retain the best possible talent by offering a
4 competitive total compensation package, including pension and post-retirement health benefits,²⁹
5 and other programs to support our employees, such as the employee assistance program (EAP).
6 Compensation programs are designed to focus employees on the Company's key priorities, the
7 most important of which is safety.

8 The recent COVID-19 pandemic and other societal challenges have resulted in increased
9 pressures associated with maintaining a highly trained and qualified workforce. Increased
10 turnover, due primarily to retirements and employee movement as a result of promotions and
11 transfers, and hiring difficulties, continue to pose challenges to SDG&E, particularly in the areas
12 of knowledge transfer, skills development, and overall proficiency of the replacement workforce.

13 The Company is taking appropriate measures to maintain its highly skilled workforce,
14 recognizing that safety and system reliability cannot be sacrificed during times of employee
15 transition. As new and less experienced employees step in to replace highly skilled employees,
16 SDG&E is conscientiously training and mentoring them, giving them on-the-job experiences,
17 and providing greater levels of supervision and quality assurance to instill a continued focus on
18 proficiency and safety. We have also focused on the mental health and wellbeing of our
19 workforce. The COVID-19 pandemic and related uncertainty, social isolation, disruptions in
20 daily routines and financial pressures have led to a public mental health crisis. To address this, in
21 2022, SDG&E launched an expanded EAP program to provide employees and their dependents
22 with additional mental health resources, including unlimited 24/7 access to a dedicated hub for
23 self-care and mindfulness content. In addition, employees have access to referrals to many
24 services that allow them to take care of issues in their personal lives so they may present their
25 best selves at work.

26 **VI. CONCLUSION**

27 SDG&E remains firmly committed to delivering safe, resilient, and sustainable energy.
28 We recognize this pivotal time in our industry: decarbonization benefits and increasing need for
29 our infrastructure is intersecting with the changing climate and increased risks associated with

²⁹ Pension and post-retirement benefits other than pension are discussed further in the testimony of Peter H. Andersen (Ex. SCG-26/SDG&E-30).

1 | our infrastructure. Accordingly, we are dedicated to taking steps to more systemically
2 | demonstrate our improving focus on risk management and investing in technologies that advance
3 | clean energy for our customers and the environment. These circumstances increase the value of
4 | the resources invested in meeting the needs of the communities we serve, including increasing
5 | government mandates and goals. With the proper resources, we will continue to take steps to
6 | enhance our customer service, including using technology to bring greater choice and
7 | empowerment to our customers and greater operational efficiency to our business. We will also
8 | continue to take the steps necessary to successfully integrate renewable energy from a wide
9 | variety of resources, many of which are intermittent resources, into our grid in a manner that
10 | maintains safety and reliability. We will also continue our efforts to be good stewards of the
11 | environment by reducing environmental impacts and fully complying with all environmental
12 | laws and regulations.

13 | This concludes my prepared direct testimony.

1 **VII. WITNESS QUALIFICATIONS**

2 My name is Bruce A. Folkmann. I am President and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) for
3 SDG&E. My business address is 8330 Century Park Court, San Diego, California 92123.

4 In my current position, I am responsible for overseeing the SDG&E's regulatory and
5 legislative functions, information technology and innovation initiatives, financial planning,
6 budgeting, and reporting, treasury management and energy risk management.

7 I graduated summa cum laude from the University of Houston College, receiving degrees
8 in Accounting and Finance. I am a certified Public Accountant. I began my career with Arthur
9 Andersen and a large multinational company. In 2005, I joined Sempra Energy and have held
10 positions of increasing responsibility in Sempra Energy businesses since that time.

11 I have previously testified before the California Public Utilities Commission.

APPENDIX A

Glossary of Terms

APPENDIX A - GLOSSARY OF TERMS

AB	Assembly Bill
AFN	Access and Functional Needs
AMP	Arrearage Management Payment
BBS	Behavior Based Safety
CARE	California Alternate Rates for Energy
CCA	Community Choice Aggregator/Aggregation
CCPA	California Consumer Privacy Act
CEC	California Energy Commission
CPRA	California Privacy Rights Act
CPUC	California Public Utilities Commission
CR&B	Customer Relationship and Billing
DA	Direct Access
DEF	Distributed Energy Facilities
DER	Distributed Energy Resources
DIMP	Distribution Integrity Management Program
EAP	Employee Assistance Program
ESCMP	Environmental & Safety Compliance Management Program
EV	Electric Vehicle
FIMP	Facilities Integrity Management Program
FOF	Fueling Our Future
FSD	Field Service Delivery
GHG	Greenhouse Gas
GMP	Grid Modernization Plan
GRC	General Rate Case
GSS	Gold Shovel Standard
GTSR	Gas Transmission Safety Rules
HCA	High Consequence Area
HFTD	High Fire Threat Districts
ILI	In-Line Inspection

IT	Information Technology
MCM	Moreno Compressor Station Modernization
NGV	Natural Gas Vehicle
MW	Megawatt
O&M	Operations and Maintenance
PIPP	Percentage of Income Payment Plan
PSPS	Public Safety Power Shutoff
PTY	Post-Test Year
RAMP	Risk Assessment Mitigation Phase
SB	Senate Bill
SDG&E	San Diego Gas & Electric Company
SMS	Safety Management System
SM	Smart Meters
SoCalGas	Southern California Gas Company
TOU	Time-Of-Use
USA	Underground Service Alert
WiNGS	Wildfire Next Generation System
ZEV	Zero-Emission Vehicle

SDG&E 2024 GRC Testimony Revision Log –August 2022

Exhibit	Witness	Page	Line or Table	Revision Detail
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-12	Line 25	Removed “’s GRC Application” and changed “\$3.022” to “\$3.007”
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-12	Line 26	Changed “\$674” to “\$664” and “\$2.348” to “\$2.344”
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-12	Line 27	Changed “\$475” to “\$460”
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-12	Line 29	Changed “\$286” to \$279” and “6.7%” to “6.6%”
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-12	Line 30	Changed “\$160” to “\$150” and “16.5%” to “16.1%”
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-13	Line 23	Changed “\$9.00” to “\$8.79” and “5.6%” to “5.5%”
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-13	Line 25	Changed “\$9.57” to “\$9.07” and “18.1%” to “17.5”
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-14	Line 2	Changed “\$18.57” to “\$17.86” and “8.7%” to “8.4%”
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-18	Line 26	Added “estimated”
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-18	Line 27	Revised “\$42.9” to “about \$43”
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-19	Table BF-1	Revised 2024 Test Year values
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-20	Table BF-2	Added to Table BF-2 (Total Depreciation values, Line 3; Amortization Expense values and Total Common Depr. & Amort values Lines 4-7).
SDG&E-01	Bruce A. Folkmann	BAF-A-1	O&M	Changed “Operating” to “Operations”