# Date Received: March 28, 2022 Date Submitted: March 30, 2022

# **GENERAL OBJECTIONS**

1. SDG&E objects generally to each request to the extent that it seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product doctrine, or any other applicable privilege or evidentiary doctrine. No information protected by such privileges will be knowingly disclosed.

2. SDG&E objects generally to each request that is overly broad and unduly burdensome. As part of this objection, SDG&E objects to discovery requests that seek "all documents" or "each and every document" and similarly worded requests on the grounds that such requests are unreasonably cumulative and duplicative, fail to identify with specificity the information or material sought, and create an unreasonable burden compared to the likelihood of such requests leading to the discovery of admissible evidence. Notwithstanding this objection, SDG&E will produce all relevant, non-privileged information not otherwise objected to that it is able to locate after reasonable inquiry.

3. SDG&E objects generally to each request to the extent that the request is vague, unintelligible, or fails to identify with sufficient particularity the information or documents requested and, thus, is not susceptible to response at this time.

4. SDG&E objects generally to each request that: (1) asks for a legal conclusion to be drawn or legal research to be conducted on the grounds that such requests are not designed to elicit facts and, thus, violate the principles underlying discovery; (2) requires SDG&E to do legal research or perform additional analyses to respond to the request; or (3) seeks access to counsel's legal research, analyses or theories.

5. SDG&E objects generally to each request to the extent it seeks information or documents that are not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

6. SDG&E objects generally to each request to the extent that it is unreasonably duplicative or cumulative of other requests.

7. SDG&E objects generally to each request to the extent that it would require SDG&E to search its files for matters of public record such as filings, testimony, transcripts, decisions, orders, reports or other information, whether available in the public domain or through FERC or CPUC sources.

8. SDG&E objects generally to each request to the extent that it seeks information or documents that are not in the possession, custody or control of SDG&E.

9. SDG&E objects generally to each request to the extent that the request would impose an

## Date Received: March 28, 2022 Date Submitted: March 30, 2022

undue burden on SDG&E by requiring it to perform studies, analyses or calculations or to create documents that do not currently exist.

10. SDG&E objects generally to each request that calls for information that contains trade secrets, is privileged or otherwise entitled to confidential protection by reference to statutory protection. SDG&E objects to providing such information absent an appropriate protective order.

# **II. EXPRESS RESERVATIONS**

1. No response, objection, limitation or lack thereof, set forth in these responses and objections shall be deemed an admission or representation by SDG&E as to the existence or nonexistence of the requested information or that any such information is relevant or admissible.

2. SDG&E reserves the right to modify or supplement its responses and objections to each request, and the provision of any information pursuant to any request is not a waiver of that right.

3. SDG&E reserves the right to rely, at any time, upon subsequently discovered information.

4. These responses are made solely for the purpose of this proceeding and for no other purpose.

# Date Received: March 28, 2022 Date Submitted: March 30, 2022

## **QUESTION 1**

Please explain technically how SDG&E's WiNGS-Planning model applies a conditional probability or makes any other adjustment to account for the fact the Technosylva consequence model is run on "worst weather days", while the Probability of Ignition model analyzes all ignitions whether they are on worst weather days or not.

# **RESPONSE 1**

The WiNGS-Planning model characterizes the likelihood of a risk event (LoRE) for a wildfire utilizing available historical ignition data, to create a base annual ignition rate for a given circuit-segment portion of the system. To account for more precise circuit-segment risk profiles, adjustment elements associated to specific risk factors are applied to the base annual ignition rate at the circuit-segment level, which include risk factors such as vegetation, wind, conductor/pole age. For the wind risk factor adjustment element specifically, a 5-year historical max wind speed attribute is utilized for the adjustment to the ignition rate, the max being used in part to ensure the likelihood and consequence elements of the model employ aligned environmental conditions.

Date Received: March 28, 2022 Date Submitted: March 30, 2022

**END OF REQUEST**