Application of San Diego Gas & Electric)	
Company (U 902 E) Proposing a Net Surplus)	A.10-03-XXX
Compensation Rate Pursuant to Assembly Bill)	(Filed March 15, 2010)
920)	
)	

PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

CHRISTOPHER D. SWARTZ

ON BEHALF OF SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

March 15, 2010



TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	Introduction	1
II.	Background	2
III.	Proposed Net Surplus Compensation Program	3
	Customer Awareness and Support	
V.	Conclusion	11

Prepared Direct Testimony

Of

Christopher D. Swartz

I. Introduction

The purpose of my testimony is to support San Diego Gas and Electric's (SDG&E's) proposal to establish a Net Surplus Compensation Program in compliance with the Assigned Commissioner's Ruling issued on January 15, 2010, directing electric utilities to file applications to implement provisions of Public Utilities (PU) Code Section 2827, enacted by Assembly Bill (AB) 920. This legislation requires electric utilities to compensate eligible net energy metering solar or wind customer-generators (NEM) for any excess electricity generated over a 12-month period beginning on January 1, 2011.

The Application provides a detailed description of the background and legal framework for SDG&E's implementation of AB 920. The testimony of SDG&E witness, Lisa Davidson, describes SDG&E's proposed eligibility criteria and compensation methodology for the Net Surplus Compensation Program.

My testimony describes how:

- SDG&E has designed its proposal to keep implementation costs reasonable
- SDG&E has designed its net surplus compensation calculation to be conceptually simple and easy for NEM customers to understand
- SDG&E will provide additional information regarding the Net Surplus Compensation
 Program with each eligible customer-generator's monthly bill and accompanying NEM
 Billing Statement;

- SDG&E will compensate eligible customers by check or by bill credit based on their election for energy only compensation or for energy plus the renewable attribute compensation;
- SDG&E will assist customers by providing them with information and links to help them complete the self-certification requirements associated with requesting Qualifying Facility (QF) status from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) if they elect to receive monetary payments
- SDG&E will assist customers by providing them with information and links to the RPS certification process if the customer-generator elects to sell their RECs to the utility
- SDG&E will allow customers to opt out of the Net Surplus Compensation Program if they so choose.

II. Background

SDG&E's current NEM billing process accounts for the difference between the electric energy supplied by SDG&E through the electric grid to the eligible customer-generator and the electric energy generated by an eligible customer-generator and fed back into the electric grid over a 12-month period (the "relevant period"). In order to compensate for time-of-use (TOU) period prices and price differentials throughout the year, the net kilowatt-hours (kWh) for each billing period are first calculated into charges or credits, depending upon whether the customer is a net user or a net producer. For residential and small commercial customers, these charges and/or credits are then carried over to the following billing period and appear as a charge/credit on the eligible customer's account, until the end of the relevant period. ¹ At the end of the

¹ Although credits for all other commercial, industrial and agricultural customers are carried forward, charges must be paid monthly, as billed.

relevant period, all of the charges and credits are netted to produce a final billing total for the period (12 month true-up). Prior to AB 920, if the customer had a remaining bill credit after the 12-month true-up, this amount was forfeited.

AB 920 modifies this approach to permit customer-generators to be compensated for excess electricity remaining at the end of the relevant period. The new legislation requires monetary payments (not just credits) for excess electricity if the customer so elects, and authorizes the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) to set the electricity compensation valuation. The legislation states that the level of compensation may include the value of electricity and the value of bundled Renewable Energy Credits (RECs). As described below, SDG&E proposes to provide the customer with four compensation options, depending on (i) whether the customer elects to be compensated through a monetary payment or a bill credit that will roll-over on to the customers' next billing statement; and (ii) whether or not the customer elects to convey the Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS)-eligible REC to SDG&E. SDG&E's proposal is designed to comply with AB 920 in a way that is consistent with the existing NEM tariff, conceptually simple, and understandable for customers.

III. Proposed Net Surplus Compensation Program

SDG&E's proposal will not affect the currently available NEM program, allowing NEM customers to continue to accrue monthly bill credits at the full retail rate under the basic NEM program until the end of their 12-month relevant period. At that time, the utility would calculate net surplus compensation if there are bill credits by first determining the net surplus kWh for the relevant period and applying a net surplus compensation rate based on a 12-month rolling average of the Short Run Avoided Cost (SRAC) energy rate, as described in the testimony of Lisa Davidson. The compensation would either be for the SRAC-valued energy alone or on the

SRAC-valued energy plus compensation for the RPS-eligible REC, depending on the customer's election. The calculated net surplus compensation credit would then be applied to the subsequent billing period as a bill credit or paid to the customer directly, depending on the customer's election.

A. Reasonable Implementation Costs

SDG&E has designed its Net Surplus Compensation Program to be consistent with the existing billing system; the current billing system already tracks many of the components necessary to perform SDG&E's proposed net surplus compensation calculation, described above.

Several changes to the billing system will nevertheless be necessary to implement SDG&E's proposed net surplus compensation calculation. These changes include the following:

- the billing system calculation logic for applying the new net surplus compensation rate will need to be programmed;
- the net surplus compensation rate will need to be entered and kept historically within the system;
- the surplus kWh would need to be captured historically and shown on the billing statement
- whether the payment includes the renewable attributes would need to be tracked
- the calculation information will need to be easily viewable by SDG&E
 employees to help with customers' questions;
- new line items and messaging on the bill and accompanying NEM Billing
 Statement will need to be added; and
- the process will need to be system-tested to ensure overall billing accuracy.

The total cost for implementing these changes is estimated to be less than \$100,000. This low-cost approach will allow SDG&E to not deduct the billing cost from NEM net surplus customers' payments while also being consistent with AB 920's goal of minimizing cost shifting between eligible customers and other bundled service customers.

B. Understandable Calculation for Customers

In designing its Net Surplus Compensation Program, SDG&E sought to develop a compensation method that would be consistent with the current NEM program, conceptually simple, and understandable for customers.

SDG&E customers are already familiar with the NEM Program and the net kWh that are displayed at the end of their 12-month relevant period. This amount is shown on the accompanying NEM Billing Statement as a line item, which allows customers to quickly identify their net kWh. By taking this amount and applying the Net Surplus Compensation Rate based on a 12-month rolling average of the SRAC energy rate (with an additional REC component, if applicable), as described above, customers will be able to easily understand the derivation of the resulting net surplus compensation amount.

Preserving continuity between the existing NEM Program and implementation of new AB 920 program elements will minimize customer confusion and ensure a smooth transition.

C. Monthly Billing and NEM Billing Statement

Qualifying customers will be provided with the number of surplus kWh and the applicable net surplus compensation at the time of their NEM 12-month true-up bill. The net surplus compensation will display as a line item on the bill. If applicable, it will also be displayed as a line item on the annual NEM Billing Statement that accompanies the bill. This will allow customers to see a summary of the total dollar amounts and kWh in detail. Additional

information explaining the calculation used to determine the net surplus compensation will be included on the NEM Billing Statement.

D. Net Surplus Bill Credit or Check Payment

SDG&E's proposal would allow NEM customers to continue to accrue monthly bill credits at the full retail rate under the basic NEM program. At the time of true-up, for any NEM customer that has net surplus credits and excess kWh remaining, SDG&E would calculate the amount available for net surplus compensation. The net surplus compensation amount would first be allocated to any outstanding charges owed by the customer. Customers could then choose² to receive any remaining net surplus compensation through either a bill credit that would roll-over to the subsequent billing period or monetary payment under the Net Surplus Compensation Program. Under SDG&E's proposal, customers can elect to receive monetary payments if the amount is greater than one dollar.³ Customers may also opt-out of the Net Surplus Compensation Program if they do not wish to receive payment for the surplus electricity. Under SDG&E's proposal, customers would have four compensation options:

- Monetary payment for excess energy and associated RECs (requires QF status and confirmation of REC-eligibility);
- 2) Monetary payment for excess energy ONLY (requires QF status);

² All forms required for customer elections under the Net Surplus Compensation Program will be available on SDG&E's website.

³ SDG&E proposes to establish a minimum threshold of \$1.00 for issuing checks for the net surplus compensation. This is consistent with SDG&E's existing credit and collections practices for determining whether SDG&E would send a check to a customer. Any net surplus compensation that is less than \$1.00 would be rolled-over to the customer's next relevant true-up period.

- Compensation through bill credit for excess energy and associated RECs (requires confirmation of REC-eligibility) applied to subsequent billing period;
 and
- Compensation through bill credit applied to subsequent billing period for excess energy ONLY

If a customer has elected to receive monetary payments and qualifies for QF status, net surplus compensation amounts would first be allocated to any outstanding balances and/or charges on the account. Remaining amounts, if any, will be sent to the customer via check payment.

SDG&E will send out a mailing to collect customers' elections regarding any applicable net surplus credits. If a customer does not respond to the mailing, then SDG&E proposes that the customer will be defaulted to the bill credit approach without payment for renewable attributes. The customer's election will continue to apply until such time that the customer changes their election or exits the program, whereby changes in election may require QF status. After one year, customers would be allowed to switch their election with appropriate notice.

Since the credits for net surplus electricity would be applied to the customer's subsequent bill in the form of a dollar amount credit, there would be no issue of the kWh expiring. The dollar amount credit would apply to the next billing period.

E. Net Surplus Credit for Renewable Attributes

The above-described mailing sent for the purpose of collecting customers' elections will also permit customers to elect to receive compensation for conveyance of RPS-eligible RECs.

Such election will require customer-generators to provide proof of RPS-eligibility. The RPS certification process which customer-generators are currently required to complete is discussed

in the Application and the testimony of Ms. Davidson. If a customer does not respond to the mailing, the customer will be defaulted to compensation without payment for RECs. If the customer elects compensation for RPS-eligible RECs, the net surplus compensation rate will be adjusted to include the Commission-approved payment for RECs. The customer's election will continue to apply until such time that the customer changes its election or exits the program. After one year, customers would be allowed to switch their election with appropriate notice.

IV. Customer Awareness and Support

Upon Commission approval of SDG&E's proposal, SDG&E intends to implement several strategies to ensure customers receive accurate, timely, and ongoing information and support regarding the net surplus compensation program. SDG&E's educational website material, printed fact sheets, bill messages, and customer-contact employee education, will be designed to specifically support both new and existing NEM customers.

A. Educational Website Material

A dedicated page on SDG&E's website is already an excellent resource for all SDG&E customers to obtain information concerning NEM. Among other things, the dedicated NEM webpage provides a frequently-asked-questions section, a section providing detailed information on how to sign-up for NEM and an automated application process for small customer-generation interconnection, utility rates available for NEM customers, and rebates and incentives for installing renewable electric generation.

Not long after AB 920 became law, SDG&E posted a new section on its dedicated NEM webpage that provides information on the upcoming net surplus compensation for excess generation. For instance, customers can use this webpage to the view frequently asked questions about the provisions of AB920 and view or download the AB 920 informational letter and a copy of the True-up Selection form sent to all NEM customers. So that customers continue to

have a resource for current, reliable, and accurate information such as a detailed description of net surplus compensation and the calculation of the rate ultimately adopted by the Commission, SDG&E intends to maintain its dedicated NEM webpage and update it frequently as new information becomes available. Since SDG&E's proposed Net Surplus Compensation Rate would change monthly, SDG&E will update its website on at least a monthly basis. While SDG&E's website is an excellent resource on NEM, SDG&E understands that other customers will prefer to call SDG&E's Call Center. SDG&E's Call Center representatives will be trained and provided materials to help customers obtain the information they need to make informed decisions.

B. Existing NEM customers awareness

In January 2010, SDG&E mailed out the AB 920 informational letter informing all NEM customers of the upcoming changes and giving them the option to elect a new true-up date. In addition, existing NEM customers currently receive a supplemental NEM billing statement. A message printed on this statement serves as an effective communication vehicle that alerts NEM customers of new information affecting their electric service. SDG&E intends to continue the use of bill messaging to direct existing NEM customers to the dedicated NEM webpage for updated information concerning the NEM program, including updates on the implementation of net surplus compensation and the net surplus compensation information described above.

Customers can also call SDG&E's call center to assist them with this information.

C. New NEM Customer awareness

As stated above, applying for customer-generation interconnection and requesting NEM can be fully completed on the dedicated NEM webpage, where new customers will find the detailed information concerning the Net Surplus Compensation Program and the choices available. In addition to the NEM information currently provided to customers installing

eligible renewable generation and applying for interconnection to the grid, SDG&E will include information on net surplus compensation in the welcome packet. In an effort to maintain the dedicated NEM webpage as the primary resource for customers, the information in the welcome packet will provide a brief summary of net surplus compensation which will direct them to the webpage for additional information.

D. Customer Support

SDG&E recognizes that some customers prefer to speak with an SDG&E representative rather than using the internet. Therefore, in order to ensure that all NEM customers have access to information on net surplus compensation, SDG&E will be providing detailed training on this topic to its customer-contact employees. SDG&E representatives in the Customer Contact Center (available 24/7), the Billing Department and Commercial and Industrial Services will be available to respond to customer inquiries and answer questions they may have regarding net surplus compensation.

E. **QF** Certification

As addressed in the Application, if customers elect to receive monetary payments for excess energy, they will need to self-certify as a QF with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. For customers who elect to receive monetary payments rather than rolling bill credits, SDG&E will provide information to help them complete this process. SDG&E's dedicated webpage will have easily accessible links to the appropriate certification form as well as guidance provided by FERC to on how to complete the form properly. To help facilitate this, bill messages will also be used to alert customers that new or updated information is available on the webpage. SDG&E's customer service representatives will be available to respond to general customer inquiries concerning this process.

F. California Energy Commission (CEC) Certification and Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System (WREGIS) Registration

For the reasons addressed in the Application and testimony of Lisa Davidson, if customers elect to receive compensation for any associated RECs under this program, current regulations require them to certify their facility with the CEC and register with WREGIS in order for the RECs to be "RPS-eligible." As discussed in the Application, SDG&E recommends that a simplified method be established to streamline the current process. In the meantime, for customers who elect to go through these steps, SDG&E will provide information to assist them with the certification and registration processes. The dedicated NEM webpage will have easily accessible links to the appropriate certification and registration forms. To supplement information on the webpage, SDG&E's customer service representatives will be available to respond to general customer inquiries concerning this process.

V. Conclusion

SDG&E recommends that the Commission authorize the billing system changes and customer outreach required to make its proposed Net Surplus Compensation Program successful. SDG&E also recommends that the Commission approve SDG&E's proposal to apply a 12-month rolling average of the SRAC energy rate (and REC compensation, as applicable) to the net surplus generation kilowatt hours at the end of 12-months for NEM customers with remaining bill credits as this has reasonable implementation costs and provides customer options consistent with AB 920.

This concludes my prepared direct testimony.

Witness Qualifications

My name is Christopher Swartz. I am employed by San Diego Gas & Electric Company
(SDG&E) as the Billing Operations Support Manager. My business address is 8330 Century
Park Court, San Diego, California, 92123. My current responsibilities include managing the
system support for the Billing Department. I assumed my current position in January, 2010.

I received a Masters of Business Administration in Finance from San Diego State
University in 2001. I have been employed by SDG&E and Sempra Energy since 2001, and have held positions of increasing responsibility in the Billing and Customer Operations departments.